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The Atlantic Bottlenose Dolphin

Did you know that the Atlantic bottlenose dolphin's brain is smarter than a human's? Although dolphins have many cool features, this paper is about the characteristics, their prey and predators, and where they live.

Characteristics

First, the atlantic bottlenose dolphin has lots of characteristics. The dolphins have a light slate color, like a light gray. They eat a variety of food, but they normally eat small fish, squid and crabs. Bottlenose dolphins grow 6 – 12 feet long and weigh as much as 400 – 800 pounds.



Bottlenose dolphins often jump up to get oxygen because they don't have gills

Prey and predators

Next, this paragraph is all about its prey and predators. Sharks, killer whales, and even humans are predators. We are predators because fishers use nets which can harm the dolphin. Herring, cod, squid, and mackerel are all prey. These become a dolphin's breakfast, lunch, or dinner. They use their impressive speed to get away from predators or to catch their prey.

Habitat

Lastly, the bottlenose dolphin lives in the sunlight zone. Since its body is adapted to warm waters, the

Atlantic and Pacific ocean are perfect for them. But they also live in harbors, bays, lagoons and estuaries.

To sum up, dolphins are very interesting to research because of their characteristics, their prey and predators, and where they live.